NEW SECTION

WAC 296-62-600 Public health emergency reporting and notification requirements for infectious and contagious diseases.

NEW SECTION

WAC 296-62-60001 Purpose and scope. WAC 296-62-600 through 296-62-60005 provides requirements for the reporting of infectious or contagious outbreaks to L&I's division of occupational safety and health (DOSH) and notification to employees of potential exposures to infectious or contagious diseases during a public health emergency as defined in this rule and consistent with the Health Emergency Labor Standards Act; sections 2 and 3, chapter 252, Laws of 2021. These requirements apply to employers in Washington state during a public health emergency.

NEW SECTION

WAC 296-62-60002 Definitions. Covered employee. Means any employee that the employer is responsible to record their injury and illness on the employer's OSHA 300 log according to WAC 296-27-02103, including employees from a temporary help service, employee-leasing service, a personnel supply service if they supervise these employees on a day-to-day basis under WAC 296-27-02103(2).

Public health emergency. Means a declaration or order concerning any infectious or contagious disease, including a pandemic and is issued as follows:

- (a) The President of the United States has declared a national or regional emergency that covers every county in the state of Washington; or
- (b) The governor of the state of Washington has declared a state of emergency under RCW 43.06.010(12) in every county in the state.

NEW SECTION

- WAC 296-62-60003 General guidelines. (1) WAC 296-62-600 through 296-62-60005 do not require any employee to disclose any medical condition or diagnosis to their employer(s).
- (2) WAC 296-62-600 through 296-62-60005 do not alter or eliminate any other reporting obligations an employer has under state or federal laws.

[1] OTS-3146.4

WAC 296-62-60004 Reporting requirements for outbreaks during a public health emergency. Employers must report outbreaks as follows:

- (1) During a public health emergency, employers with more than fifty covered employees at a workplace or worksite, must:
- (a) Report to L&I's division of occupational safety and health (DOSH) within twenty-four hours of being notified of:
- (i) Ten or more test-confirmed covered employees at the workplace or worksite where the test was collected during any period of time the Washington state department of health or a local health jurisdiction communicates to the employer that there is a COVID-19 outbreak at their workplace or worksite; or
- (ii) Ten or more test-confirmed employees where the test was collected during any period of time between the following start and end points:

Start: When any two or more test confirmed covered employee cases at the workplace or worksite occur within fourteen consecutive calendar days of each other.

End: Twenty-eight consecutive calendar days have passed since the last positive test result for any covered employee at the workplace or worksite.

(b) Report by calling DOSH 1-800-4BE-SAFE (1-800-423-7233), and using the option to report fatalities, hospitalizations, amputations, or loss of an eye.

Exemptions:

- Employers currently in an outbreak do not need to continue reporting to DOSH until the outbreak has ended.
- Employers in an outbreak who later learn intervening cases were false positives are not required to retroactively reevaluate their outbreak status and report to DOSH. They may continue to act as if they were under the same unbroken outbreak.
- (2) For the purposes of this subsection:
- (a) "Worksite" or "workplace" means any plant, yard, premises, room, or other place where an employee or employees are employed for the performance of labor or service over which the employer has the right of access or control.
- (b) "Test-confirmed" means testing positive for the infectious or contagious disease.

Important: When reporting to DOSH, do not include any employee
names or personal identifying information.

NEW SECTION

WAC 296-62-60005 Notification requirements related to potential exposures. (1) Except for employers who are health care facilities as defined in RCW 9A.50.010, if an employer receives notice of potential exposure, the employer must within one business day of potential exposures:

- (a) Provide written notice to all covered employees who were on the premises at the same worksite on the same day(s) as the qualifying individual when the qualifying individual may have been infectious or contagious. The written notice must state that the covered employee may have been exposed to the infectious or contagious disease.
- (i) For COVID-19, a qualifying individual is potentially infectious or contagious two days before the qualifying individual felt sick/had symptoms (or, for asymptomatic people, two days before the

[2] OTS-3146.4

test specimen collection) until the time the qualifying individual left, and/or was isolated, from the worksite.

- (ii) The written notice must be made in a manner the employer normally uses to communicate employment-related information including, but not limited to, personal service, email, or text message if it can reasonably be anticipated to be received by the employee within one business day of sending.
- (iii) The written notice must be in both English and the language understood by the majority of the employees.
 - (b) Provide written notice also to:
- (i) The union representative, if any, of any covered employees notified under WAC 296-62-600 through 296-62-60005(1).
- (ii) Any temporary help service, employee-leasing service, or personnel supply service employers of a covered employee notified under WAC 296-62-600 through 296-62-60005(1).
- (c) The requirements for the manner of written notice and the time for notice in WAC 296-62-600 through 296-62-60005 (1) (a) (iii) apply to notice of union representatives and employers under this subsection.
- (2) Any written notice under this section may not include any employee names or personal identifying information.
 - (3) For the purposes of this subsection:
 - (a) Notice of potential exposure. Means any of the following:
- (i) Notification to the employer from a public health official or licensed medical provider that an employee was exposed to a qualifying individual at the worksite;
- (ii) Notification to the employer from an employee, or their emergency contact, that the employee is a qualifying individual; or
- (iii) Notification through a testing protocol of the employer that the employee is a qualifying individual.
 - (b) Qualifying individual. Means any person who has:
- (i) A positive laboratory test for the infectious or contagious disease that is the subject of a public health emergency;
- (ii) A positive diagnosis of the infectious or contagious disease that is the subject of a public health emergency by a licensed health care provider;
- (iii) An order to isolate by a public health official related to the infectious or contagious disease that is the subject of a public health emergency; or
- (iv) Died due to the infectious or contagious disease that is the subject of a public health emergency, in the determination of a local health department.
- (c) Worksite. Means the building, store, facility, agricultural field, or other location where the qualifying individual worked. "Worksite" does not include any buildings, floors, or other locations of the employer that the qualifying individual did not enter.

NEW SECTION

WAC 296-62-601 Public health emergency voluntary personal protective equipment usage.

[3] OTS-3146.4

NEW SECTION

WAC 296-62-60101 Purpose and scope. WAC 296-62-601 through 296-62-60103 provides requirements for employee voluntary use of personal protective equipment during a public health emergency, consistent with chapter 146, Laws of 2021 (SB 5254); Concerning the use of protective devices and equipment during a public health emergency, chapter 252, Laws of 2021. These requirements apply to employers in Washington state during a public health emergency.

NEW SECTION

WAC 296-62-60102 Definitions. Employee. Means any employee that the employer is responsible to record their injury and illness on the employer's OSHA 300 log according to WAC 296-27-02103, including employees from a temporary help service, employee-leasing service, a personnel supply service if they supervise these employees on a day-to-day basis under WAC 296-27-02103(2).

Public health emergency. Means a declaration or order relating to controlling and preventing the spread of any infectious or contagious disease that covers the jurisdiction where the individual or business performs work, and is issued as follows:

- (a) The president of the United States has declared a national or regional emergency;
- (b) The governor has declared a state of emergency under RCW 43.06.010(12); or
- (c) An order has been issued by a local health officer under RCW 70.05.070.

NEW SECTION

WAC 296-62-60103 Voluntary use of personal protective equipment requirements. (1) Every employer who does not require employees or contractors to wear a specific type of personal protective equipment must accommodate its employee's or contractor's voluntary use of that specific type of protective device or equipment, including gloves, goggles, face shields, and face masks, as the employee or contractor deems necessary.

- (2) The provisions of subsection (1) of this section applies only when:
- (a) The voluntary use of these protective devices and equipment does not introduce hazards to the work environment and is consistent with the provisions of both this chapter, and related rules established by the department of labor and industries (L&I) division of occupational safety and health (DOSH);
- (b) The use of facial coverings does not interfere with an employer's security requirements; and
- (c) The voluntary use of these protective devices and equipment does not conflict with standards for that specific type of equipment established by the department of health or DOSH.

[4] OTS-3146.4

