State	Rule Type	Action Type	Description	Status	Effective Date	Links	Notes	Entry Last Updated
Alabama	Non-binding guidance	Environment	Developing appropriate testing protocols, health-based standards, proper messageing to the public.	Pending		<u>Regulation</u>		5/26/2020
Alabama	Binding	Environment	Water systems may be required to monitor for PFOA and PFOS.	In effect	8/9/2019	State Website		5/26/2020
Alaska	Non-binding guidance	Environment	The Department of Transportation and Public Facilities is conducting evaluation of PFAS at state-owned properties it is responsible for (including airports). The agency has responded to at least five communities with PFAS contamination.	In effect		State Website		7/22/2021
Alaska	Legislation	Environment	Bill would establish drinking water testing requirements and PFAS concentration limits. Bill also would establish liability for drinking water testing for parties responsible for the release of PFAS into the environment, and would require permits for the thermal remediation of PFAS contamination.	Pending		Bill	SB 121; HB 171	4/13/2021
Alaska	Binding	Environment	Groundwater and surface water cleanup levels established at 0.40 micrograms/liters for PFOA and PFOS.	In effect		Regulation		5/26/2020
Alaska	Proposed Action	Environment	A rule proposed in October 2018 would amend the groundwater and surface water cleanup levels for PFOA and PFOS and set cleanup levels for PFBS, PFHPA, PFHxS and PFNA. The proposal is on hold.	Pending		State Website		5/26/2020
Alaska	Binding	Environment	Established levels of PFOA and PFOS at which water treatment or alternative water sources must be provided by responsible parties established at 70 parts per trillion.	In effect	4/9/2019	Memorandum		5/26/2020
Arizona	Legislation	Environment	Bill would require the establishment of drinking water quality standards for several chemicals including PFAS.	Pending		Bill	HB 2201; Companion to SB 1133	1/14/2021
Arizona	Legislation	Product	Bill would prohibit the manufacture or sale of food packaging to which PFAS has been intentionally added or that contain phthalates in any amount greater than an incidental presence.	Pending		Bill	НВ 2095	1/13/2021
Arizona	Legislation	Environment	Bill would require the establishment of drinking water quality standards for several chemicals including PFAS.	Pending		<u>Bill</u>	SB 1133; Companion to HB 2201	1/13/2021

State	Rule Type	Action Type	Description	Status	Effective Date	Links	Notes	Entry Last Updated
			Bans the use of intentionally added PFAS chemicals in class B firefighting foam for testing or training purposes except for testing in facilities that have implemented containment, treatment, and disposal measures to prevent uncontrolled		4 14 10 0			
Arizona	Legislation	Product	environmental releases.	In effect	1/1/2020	Law		5/26/2020
Arizona	Non-binding guidance	Environment	Working to mitigate PFOS and PFOA concentrations that exceed the EPA's health advisory but is prohibited from setting standards stricter than federal limits.	In effect		State Website		5/26/2020
Arkansas	Legislation	Product	Bill would prohibit the use of intentionally added PFAS substances in Class B firefighting foam used for testing or training purposes.	Pending		Bill	HB 1351	2/3/2021
California	Legislation	Product	Prohibit class B firefighting foam from being manufactured, or knowingly sold or distributed, and prohibit a person from using in this state, class B firefighting foam to which PFAS chemicals have been intentionally added.	In effect	1/1/2022	Law	Signed into law on Sept. 29, 2020.	1/3/2022
California	Binding	Product	As part of sustainable packaging regulation, food service packaging with PFAS in excess of 100 parts per million cannot be considered recyclable.	In effect	12/6/2021	Regulation		12/21/2021
California	Binding	Environment	Added 62 PFAS substances to a list of contaminants that wastewater treatment facilities must report when detected.	Pending	1/1/2028	Regulation	Ongoing emmissions reporting must begin with 2028 data reported in 2029	11/22/2021
California	Legislation	Product	Prohibits the manufacture, sale, or distribution of new, not previously owned, juvenile products that contains PFAS at a detectable level above an unspecified amount.	Pending	1/1/2023	Law	AB 652; signed into law Oct. 5, 2021	10/27/2021
California	Legislation	Product	Products or packaging with PFAS in excess of 100 parts per million or with PFAS that has a functional/technical effect in the product/packaging cannot be considered recyclable.	Pending	1/1/2024	Law	SB343; Signed into law on Oct. 5, 2021	10/7/2021
California	Proposed Action	Product	Include treatments containing any perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFASs) for use on converted textiles or leathers as a Priority Product under the Safer Consumer Products Regulations.	Pending		Proposed Rule	Comment period will close Nov. 8, 2021.	9/29/2021

State	Rule Type	Action Type	Description	Status	Effective Date	Links	Notes	Entry Last Updated
California	Binding	Environment and Product	The Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment listed perfluorooctane sulfonic acid (PFOS) and its salts and transformation and degradation precursors as a carcinogen under Proposition 65.	In effect	12/24/2021	<u>Notice</u>		1/7/2022
California	Proposed Action	Product	Include carpets and rugs containing PFAS chemicals as a Priority Product under the Safer Consumer Products Regulations.	In effect	7/1/2021	State Website		7/30/2021
California	Binding	Environment	Proposed setting Public Health Goal levels for PFOA and PFOS in drinking water at 0.007 ppt and 1 ppt, respectively.	Pending		Announcement	Bloomberg Law coverage of latest development: https://news.bloomberglaw.com/pfas-project/california-advances-onforever-chemical-drinking-water-limits	7/22/2021
California	Proposed Action	Environment and Product	The Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment initiated the development of identification materials for the listing of perfluorodecanoic acid (PFDA) and its salts, perfluorohexanesulfonic acid (PFHxS) and its salts, perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA) and its salts, and perfluoroundecanoic acid (PFUnDA) and its salts as developmental and reproductive toxicants under Proposition 65.	Pending		<u>Notice</u>	45-day data call in period ended May 10, 2021	7/22/2021
California	Legislation	Product	Bill would state the intention of the California legislature to pass future legislation prohibiting the sale of plant-based food packaging containing PFAS substances and requiring notices on cookware with PFAS.	Pending		Bill	AB 1200	2/19/2021
California	Proposed Action	Environment	Recommendation from Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment to assign a Notification Level to PFBS in drinking water.	Pending		Recommendation	Bloomberg Law coverage of latest development: https://news.bloomberglaw.com/environment-and-energy/california-ponders-adding-new-forever-chemical-to-notify-list	1/15/2021
California	Legislation	Product	Prohibit selling, making, or delivering cosmetics that contain two dozen toxic ingredients, including PFOA, PFOS, PFDA, and PFNA.	Pending	1/1/2025	Law	Signed into law on Sept. 30, 2020.	10/1/2020

State	Rule Type	Action Type	Description	Status	Effective Date	Links	Notes	Entry Last Updated
California	Non-binding guidance	Environment	Establishes Memorandum Accounts for four water utilities that will allow for potential recovery of PFAS-related expenses such as testing and customer notification of high PFAS levels.	In effect	8/6/2020	Resolution		8/7/2020
California	Non-binding guidance	Environment	Set drinking water notification limits of 5.1ppt for PFOA and 6.5 ppt for PFOS. Limits are non-binding but linked to future drinking water standards.	In effect	8/22/2019	Notification Level Issuance		5/26/2020
California	Binding	Environment	Set levels of PFOA and PFOS at which suppliers have to notify their governing boards at 5.1 ppt and 6.5 ppt respectively.	In effect	8/1/2019	Media Release		5/26/2020
California	Non-binding guidance	Environment	California is conducting biomonitoring studies to screen for PFAS.	In effect		State Website		5/26/2020
California	Binding	Product	Include PFOA and PFOS as chemicals of concern under Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcment Act (Proposition 65) requiring anyone doing business in the state to provide warnings if they knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to the listed substances.	In effect	11/10/2017	Notice		5/26/2020
California	Legislation	Environment	Allows the State Water Resources Control Board to order multiple districts at once to test for PFAS and requires water suppliers to notify customers of PFAS.	In effect	1/1/2020	<u>Law</u>		5/26/2020
Colorado	Binding	Product	Requires all persons who store or use Class B firefighting foam containing PFAS to register and obtain a certificate from the Hazardous Materials and Waste Management Division. The regulations also require any person that uses such foams in testing firefighting foam fire systems to capture the spent foam.	In effect	4/14/2021	Regulation	Regulations are a response to 2020 legislation.	11/22/2021
Colorado	Legislation	Product	Expands ban on Class B firefighting foam with intentionally added PFAS. Prohibits use in certain aircraft hangars and requires certification process for facilities or fire departments using or storing PFAS in its operations.	Pending	1/1/2023	<u>Law</u>	Signed by Gov. Jared Polis in summer 2020.	2/19/2021
Colorado	Legislation	Environment and Product	Creation of a fund to identify and mitigate PFAS contamination. Fund also supports a program to purchase and dispose of products containing PFAS. The efforts are funded by a fee on trucks transporting fuel.	In effect	6/29/2020	Law		1/6/2021

State	Rule Type	Action Type	Description	Status	Effective Date	Links	Notes	Entry Last Updated
Colorado	Binding	Environment	Lists PFOA and PFOS as hazardous constitutents in the state's hazardous waste regulations.	In effect	4/14/2018	Regulation		5/26/2020
Colorado	Binding	Environment	Combined presence of PFOS and PFOA limited to 0.070 micrograms per liter for an area in the vicinity of Fountain Creek in central El Paso County. The regulation is in response to potential contamination at Peterson Air Force Base.	In effect	6/30/2018	Regulation		5/26/2020
Colorado	Legislation	Product	Ban on intentionally added PFAS substances in Class B firefighting foam used for testing or training purposes.	In effect	8/21/2021	Law		5/26/2020
Connecticut	Legislation	Product	Law requires water bottle companies in the state to sample source water and test for PFAS and other unregulted contaminants.	In effect	1/1/2022	Law	НВ 6666	1/3/2022
Connecticut	Proposed Action	Environment	Proposed rule would establish that a release that contains per- or polyfluoroalkyl substances in liquid form, and includes chemicals commonly referred to as PFOS, PFOA, PFNA, PFHPA, and PFHxS must be reported.	Pending		Proposed Rule	Originally proposed March 11, 2021; changes proposed Oct. 13, 2021.	10/27/2021
Connecticut	Legislation	Product	Law prohibits the use of PFAS in firefighting foams and establishes a takeback program for such products. The law also bans the use of PFAS in food packaging beginning no later than Dec. 31, 2023.	In effect	10/1/2021	Law	SB 837	7/22/2021
Connecticut	Legislation	Environment	Allocates \$1.15 million in grants to municipalities for assesment and remediation of PFAS contamination.	In effect	7/1/2021	Law	HB 6690	7/2/2021
Connecticut	Binding	Environment	Adopted EPA's advisory level of 70 ppt in drinking water. That limit applies to five PFAS: PFOA, PFOS, perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA), perfluroheptanoic acid (PFHpA), and perfluorohexane sulfonic acid PFHxS).			State Website		5/26/2020
Connecticut	Non-binding guidance	Environment	Connecticut's Interagency PFAS Task Force drafted a PFAS action plan that lays out strategy to minimize environmental exposure to PFAS, minimize future PFAS releases, and to identify/assess/clean up historical PFAS releases.	Pending		Action Plan		5/26/2020

State	Rule Type	Action Type	Description	Status	Effective Date	Links	Notes	Entry Last Updated
Delaware	Legislation	Environment	Bill would require the establishment of maximum contaminant levels for specific contaminants found in drinking water, including PFOA and PFOS.	Pending		<u>Bill</u>	HB 8	3/15/2021
Delaware	Legislation	Product	Bill woud limit the use of certain Class B firefighting foams containing PFAS. Bill would permit the use of such foam for training and testing only if the facility has implemented containment, treatment, and disposal measures to prevent releases of PFAS chemicals.	Pending		Bill	SB 63	2/17/2021
Delaware	Non-binding guidance	Environment	Added PFOS and PFOA to the list of hazardous substances under the state's Hazardous Substance Cleanup Act. Presence of the two chemicals individually or combined at 70 ppt could trigger further evaluation.	In effect	7/2/2018	Policy		6/9/2020
Florida	Legislation	Environment	Bill would create a Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances Task Force within the Department of Environmental Protection.	Pending		Bill	SB 7012	12/21/2021
Florida	Legislation	Environment	Bill would appropriate \$4.7 million in state funds for a PFAS remediation project in Marion County.	Pending		Bill	HB 2661	11/22/2021
Florida	Legislation	Environment	Bill would appropriate \$1 million in funds for the University of Florida PFAS Contaminated Material Treatment Pilot program.	Pending		Bill	SB 2500	5/20/2021
Florida	Legislation	Environment	Bill would appropriate funds for the University of Florida PFAS Contaminated Material Treatment Pilot program.	Pending		<u>Bill</u>	HB 3261	2/11/2021
Georgia	Legislation	Product	Bill would prohibit the distribution and use of single use carryout products containing PFAS in any public building operated by the Georgia Building Authority.	Pending		Bill	SB 224	3/9/2021
Georgia	Legislation	Product	Ban on intentionally added PFAS substances in Class B firefighting foam used for testing or training purposes except at facilities that have implemented containment, treatment, and disposal measures to prevent uncontrolled environmental releases.	In effect	1/1/2020	law		2/19/2021

State	Rule Type	Action Type	Description	Status	Effective Date	Links	Notes	Entry Last Updated
Hawaii	Non-binding guidance	Environment	The Department of Health updated interim soil and groundwater Environmental Action Levels (EALs) for screening of sites contaminated with perand polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS). The updated EALs replace action levels presented in the December 2020 technical memorandum.	In effect	4/8/2021	State Website		5/3/2021
Hawaii	Legislation	Environment	Bill would require the Environmental Council to develop a tool for identifying environmental justice communities exposed to PFAS, among other things.	Pending		Bill	НВ 1350	2/3/2021
Hawaii	Legislation	Environment	Proposed bill would create an environmental justice mapping task force that would in part explore pollution burdens created by PFAS contamination.	Pending		Bill	SB 1277	1/28/2021
Idaho	No action							3/19/2020
Illinois	Legislation	Product	Limits the use of Class B PFAS-containing firefighting foams for testing or training beginning Jan. 1, 2022. Prohibits the manufacture, use, and sale of such foams beginning on Jan. 1, 2025.	In effect	1/1/2022	<u>Law</u>	SB 561	1/3/2022
Illinois	Proposed Action	Environment	Proposed rule woud amend environmental laboratory provisions to incorporate by reference the EPA PFAS Drinking Water Laboratory Methods.	Pending		Proposed Rule		8/30/2021
Illinois	Legislation	Environment	Bill would provide that the disposal by incineration of aqueous film-forming foam that contains any PFAS is prohibited.	Pending		Bill	НВ 3190	4/29/2021
Illinois	Legislation	Environment	Bill would prohibit the disposal by incineration of aqueous film-forming foam that contains perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances in an area of environmental justice concern.	Pending		<u>Bill</u>	НВ 4039	3/15/2021
Illinois	Non-binding guidance	Environment	The Illinois EPA issued four non- enforceable statewide health advisories for PFAS in groundwater or drinking water. The level for PFOA, at 2 PPT, is the lowest in the nation. Illinois EPA will use the advisories and data from investigations to develop maximum contaminant levels.	In effect	1/28/2021	State Website	Bloomberg Law coverage of latest development: https://news.bloomberglaw.com/pfas-project/illinois-epa-issues-health-advisories-for-four-pfas-chemicals	3/15/2021
Illinois	Legislation	Product	Bill would restrict the use of class B firefighting foams that contain PFAS chemicals in training or testing.	Pending		Bill	SB 2512; Companion to HB 3635	3/9/2021

State	Rule Type	Action Type	Description	Status	Effective Date	Links	Notes	Entry Last Updated
Illinois	Legislation	Product	Provides for the establishment of a take back program for local fire departments that use and store older firefighting foam made with PFAS.	Pending		<u>Bill</u>	SB 562	3/2/2021
Illinois	Legislation	Product	Bill would restrict the use of class B firefighting foams that contain PFAS chemicals in training or testing.	Pending		<u>Bill</u>	НВ 3635	2/23/2021
Illinois	Binding	Environment	Developing groundwater quality standards that would limit PFOA and PFOS presence to 70 ppt combined or individually.	Pending		Regulatory Agenda		5/26/2020
Indiana	Legislation	Environment	Bill would require the state department of health to establish state maximum contaminant levels for PFAS in water provided by public water systems.	Pending		<u>Bill</u>	НВ 1184	1/7/2022
Indiana	Legislation	Product	Ban on firefighting foams that contain PFAS chemicals in training.	In effect	7/1/2020	<u>Law</u>		2/19/2021
Indiana	Legislation	Health and Safety	Bill would establish PFAS chemical blood testing for veterans, active military personnel, and civilian personnel who work at military bases.	Pending		<u>Bill</u>	НВ 1568	1/20/2021
Indiana	Non-binding guidance	Environment	Set screening levels for concentration of three PFAS compounds in accordance with EPA's health advisory of 70 ppt.	In effect		State Website		5/26/2020
Iowa	Legislation	Environment	Bill would direct regulators to adopt maximum contaminant levels for PFAS and other substances.	Pending		Bill	HF 897	6/1/2021
Iowa	Legislation	Environment	Bill would establish maximum contaminent levels for PFAS in drinking water and prohibit PFAS as an ingredient in Class B firefighting foam and food packaging.	Pending		Bill	HF 293	2/3/2021
Iowa	Legislation	Product	Bill would prohibit the manufacture or sale of food packaging to which PFAS has been intentionally added.	Pending		Bill	SF 19	1/13/2021
lowa	Legislation	Environment	Bill would require public water systems to test for PFAS.	Pending		Bill	SF 22	1/13/2021
Iowa	Non-binding guidance	Environment	Issued a PFAS Action Plan to identify and minimize exposure, prevent future releases, and provide education, outreach and communication.	In effect	1/23/2020	Action Plan		6/4/2020
Kansas	Proposed Action	Environment	Planning to test for PFOA and PFOS contamination in drinking water using EPA health advisory of 70 ppt.	Pending		State Website		5/26/2020

State	Rule Type	Action Type	Description	Status	Effective Date	Links	Notes	Entry Last Updated
Kentucky	Legislation	Product	Prefiled bill for the 2022 session would address PFAS in packaging waste.	Pending		Prefiled bill	Bill Request 495	12/21/2021
Kentucky	Legislation	Product	Restrictions on use of firefighting foams that contain PFAS chemicals in training or testing.	In effect	7/15/2020	<u>Law</u>		2/19/2021
Louisiana	Legislation	Product	Bill would allow the discharge or use of Class B fire fighting foam containing fluorinated organic chemicals under emergency circumstances or if done under a containment, treatment, and disposal plan. Allows the continued manufacture, sale, and distribution of firefighting foam containing PFAS.	Pending		Bill	HB 389	4/5/2021
Maine	Legislation	Environment	Bill would require screening for PFAS in sludge or sludge-derived compost that is applied to land.	Pending		Bill	HP 1417	1/7/2022
Maine	Legislation	Environment	Bill would require state-owned solid waste disposal facilities to establish leachate treatment to reduce PFAS.	Pending		Bill	HP 1385	1/7/2022
Maine	Legislation	Product	Bans the use of PFAS-containing firefighting foam for testing or training purposes unless proper disposal measures are in place. The manufacture and sale of such foam is also prohibited (except at oil terminals where the restriction goes into effect Jan. 1, 2025). Discharges of PFAS-containing foam near water supplies must be reported within 24 hours.	In effect	1/1/2022	Law	HP 1115; Signed into law on July 9, 2021.	1/3/2022
Maine	Proposed Action	Product	Rulemaking underway to implement <u>HP</u> <u>185</u> . Rule would in part require disclosure of PFAS in pesticides.	Pending		Notice of Rulemaking	Remote public hearing scheduled for Jan. 14, 2022	12/23/2021
Maine	Legislation	Environment	Appropriations measure includes funding to treat drinking water conatminated with PFAS and mitigate PFAS in drinking water at schools and daycares.	In effect	7/19/2021	<u>Bill</u>	SP 577; Signed into law on July 19, 2021.	7/21/2021
Maine	Legislation	Environment	Establishes fund to test and monitor for presence of PFAS in soil and groundwater. The fund is financed by a new \$10 per ton disposal fee on septage, industrial sludge, and other residual.	In effect	1/1/2022 (disposal fee takes effect)	Law	HP 1189; Passed by the House and Senate on July 2, 2021. Became law without governor's signature on July 15, 2021.	7/21/2021
Maine	Legislation	Environment and Product	Law establishes a statute of limitations on civil actions arising from harm or injury from PFAS.	In effect	10/18/2021	Law	HP 261; Signed into law on June 22, 2021.	7/21/2021

State	Rule Type	Action Type	Description	Status	Effective Date	Links	Notes	Entry Last Updated
Maine	Legislation	Product	Law requires manufactuers to provide notification if any personal, residential, commercial, or industrial product contains PFAS. Also prohibits the sale of new rugs or carpets containing PFAS.	In effect	7/15/2021	Law	HP 1113; Passed by the House and Senate on July 2, 2021. Became law without governor's signature on July 15, 2021.	1/7/2022
Maine	Legislation	Environment	Bill would authorize issuance of a general fund bond that would help pay for hazardous substance cleanup, including at uncontrolled sites polluted with PFAS.	Pending		<u>Bill</u>	HP 106; In July 2021, the legislature announced the bill would be carried over to the next session.	7/21/2021
Maine	Legislation	Environment	Appropriations measure includes several allocations for PFAS mitigation, research, and financial assistance.	In effect	7/1/2021	<u>Law</u>	HP 156; Signed by the governor on July 1, 2021	7/2/2021
Maine	Legislation	Environment	Law directs regulators to establish maximum contaminant levels for PFAS. The law creates an interim limit of 20 ppt for the presence of six PFAS in drinking water: PFOA, PFOS, PFHxS, PFNA, PFHpA, and PFDA. Monitoring standards are also established.	In effect	12/31/2022 (Interim rule monitoring deadline)	<u>Law</u>	SP 64; Final rule establishing MCLs due by June 1, 2024; Bloomberg Law coverage of latest development: https://news.bloomberglaw.com/pfas-project/maine-joins-states-setting-pfas-drinking-water-limits-before-epa	6/24/2021
Maine	Legislation	Environment	Law directs state regulators to develop a comprehensive plan to identify and aid farmers affected by PFAS. A final report with findings and recommendations is due to the legislature by Feb. 1, 2022.	In effect		Law	HP 403; Signed into law on June 10, 2021.	6/24/2021
Maine	Legislation	Environment	Law requires manufacturer disclosure when registered pesticides contain PFAS. It also directs regulators to study "if fluorinated adjuvants are being used or sold in the State."	In effect	10/18/2021	Law	HP 185; Signed into law on June 21, 2021. An initial version of the bill would have banned the aerial application of pesticides.	6/24/2021
Maine	Binding	Product	Requires companies making children's toys containing any of five PFAS substances to alert the state's Department of Environmental Protection.	In effect	7/28/2020	Adopted Rule	Bloomberg Law coverage of latest development: https://news.bloomberglaw.com/pfas-project/maine-requires-notice-on-kids-products-made-with-five-pfas	8/6/2020
Maine	Non-binding guidance	Environment	Governor executive order creating a task force to review PFAS contamination. The task force drafted a response plan released in November 2019 with recommendations for testing and product restrictions.	Pending	3/6/2019	News Report		5/26/2020
Maine	Binding	Environment	Requirement to test sludge/biosolids for PFOS, PFOA, and PFBS.	In effect	3/22/2019	<u>Memorandum</u>		5/26/2020

State	Rule Type	Action Type	Description	Status	Effective Date	Links	Notes	Entry Last Updated
Maine	Legislation	Product	Amendments to law on toxic materials in packaging gives the state the authority to ban the sale of food packaging contianing PFAS if a safer alternative is available.	In effect	9/19/2019	Law		5/26/2020
Maine	Non-binding guidance	Product	Set action levels for presence of PFOS in milk.	In effect	9/28/2017	State Website		5/26/2020
Maryland	Legislation	Product	Bill would prohibit products or packaging from being considered recylable if they're made with PFAS.	Pending		<u>Bill</u>	НВ 700	2/2/2022
Maryland	Legislation	Product	Bill would prohibit certain ingredients in cosmetics, including PFOA and PFOS.	Pending		Bill	HB 643; Bill passed by legislature and awaiting governor's signature.	4/16/2021
Maryland	Legislation	Product	Enacts legislation to prohibit the use of Class B firefighting foam that contain intentionally added PFAS chemicals for certain testing or training purposes.	Pending	10/1/2021	Law		2/19/2021
Massachusetts	Binding	Environment	All PFAS substances with a "perfluoroalkyl moiety with three or more carbons" or a "perfluoroalkylether moiety with two or more carbons" are added to the state's Toxic or Hazardous Substance List under a new category of "PFAS Not Otherwise Listed." Companies in Massachusetts that make or use large amounts of certain PFAS must track and report that work.	In effect	12/24/2021		Adopted Dec. 7, 2021, to take effect Jan. 1, 2022. Usage report for 2022 due July 1, 2023.	1/3/2022
Massachusetts	Legislation	Environment	Amendment to Covid-19 spending bill would provide at least \$825,000 for PFAS remediation in five communities.	Pending		Amendment	Amendment S. 2580	11/22/2021
Massachusetts	Legislation	Environment	Interagency task force created to review and investigate water and soil contamination of per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances across the commonwealth. Report on findings due to the legislature by Dec. 31, 2021.	In effect		Law	H 5164; See Section 98 of the Act	9/20/2021
Massachusetts	Legislation	Environment	Bill would prohibit the incineration of aqueous film-forming foam containing perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances.	Pending		Bill	HB 3836	6/4/2021
Massachusetts	Legislation	Environment and Product	Bill would authorize a study of the effect of per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances in commercial products.	Pending		<u>Bill</u>	HB 985. Companion to SB 624	4/29/2021
Massachusetts	Legislation	Environment	Bill would require the inclusion of PFAS on the list of toxic or hazardous substances defined in regulations.	Pending		<u>Bill</u>	SB 593	4/29/2021

State	Rule Type	Action Type	Description	Status	Effective Date	Links	Notes	Entry Last Updated
Massachusetts	Legislation	Product	Bill would phase in a ban on the sale of personal protective equipment to firefighters that contains PFAS.	Pending		<u>Bill</u>	нв 2475	4/29/2021
Massachusetts	Legislation	Environment	Bill would require the Department of Environmental Protection to outline the best practices and recommend regulations for the proper disposal of products containing PFAS.	Pending		<u>Bill</u>	НВ 960	4/29/2021
Massachusetts	Legislation	Product	Bill would prohibit the manufacture, sale, or distribution of food packaging to which perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances have been intentionally added in any amount.	Pending		<u>Bill</u>	HB 2348	4/29/2021
Massachusetts	Legislation	Product	Bill would ban the sale or distribution of child passenger restraints, cookware, and fabric treatments containing levels of fluorine greater than 1 part per million.	Pending		<u>Bill</u>	SB 1387. Companion to HB 2350	4/29/2021
Massachusetts	Legislation	Product	Bill would ban the sale or distribution of child passenger restraints, cookware, and fabric treatments containing levels of fluorine greater than 1 part per million.	Pending		<u>Bill</u>	HB 2350. Companion to SB 1387	4/29/2021
Massachusetts	Legislation	Product	Bill would prohibit the use of PFAS in insecticides used for the control of mosquitos and greenhead flies.	Pending		<u>Bill</u>	SB 556	4/29/2021
Massachusetts	Legislation	Product	Bill would prohibit the manufacture, sale, or distribution of food packaging to which perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances have been intentionally added in any amount.	Pending		<u>Bill</u>	SB 1494	4/29/2021
Massachusetts	Binding	Environment	Requires all public drinking water systems to regularly test for six PFAS substances and set a maximum containment level of 20 ppt. Replacement or remediation of water would be required at or above that threshold.	Pending	10/1/2021	Regulation		9/24/2020
Massachusetts	Legislation	Environment	Supplemental appropriation of \$4.2 million for testing and treatment of PFAS contamination in drinking water.	In effect	3/4/2020			7/13/2020
	Binding	Environment	Added a new certification category to laboratories to analyze drinking water for Per-and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS), and specified the approved methods that certified laboratories must use for PFAS analysis in drinking water.	In effect		Regulation		6/17/2020

State	Rule Type	Action Type	Description	Status	Effective Date	Links	Notes	Entry Last Updated
Massachusetts	Binding	Environment	Added PFDA, PFHpA, PFHxS, PFOA, PFOS, and PFNA to state's list of toxic chemicals that must be tested for in groundwater or soil near contaminated sites. Remediation required if PFAS substances found alone or in combination at 20 ppt or greater.	In effect	12/27/2019	Regulation		5/26/2020
Massachusetts	Legislation	Environment	\$24 million earmarked in state supplemental funding bill for municipalities to test and remediate drinking water.	In effect	12/13/2019		Press Release on Funding: https: //www.mass.gov/news/baker-polito- administration-develops-drinking- water-standards-invests-24-million- for-water	5/26/2020
Michigan	Legislation	Environment	Bill would allow local governmenets to adopt voluntary property assessment programs that could be used to fund PFAS remediation projects.	Pending		<u>Bill</u>	HB 5708	2/2/2022
Michigan	Legislation	Product	Bill would ban the maufacture and sale of food packaging with intentionally added PFAS after Jan. 1, 2023.	Pending		<u>Bill</u>	HB 5250; Companion to SB 591	7/2/2021
Michigan	Legislation	Environment	Proposed appropriations bill would allocate \$100 million to PFAS remediation grant program.	Pending		Bill	SB 565	6/27/2021
Michigan	Legislation	Environment	Bill would expand a state program that aids property owners in completing clean energy projects. Under the bill, PFAS mitigation would be added to the list of approved project types.	Pending		Bill	HB 5011	6/24/2021
Michigan	Legislation	Environment	Appropriations bill would provide \$4.75 million in grants to local public health departments to support PFAS response efforts.	Pending		Bill	SB 79	5/17/2021
Michigan	Legislation	Environment	Appropriations bill would provide \$15 million in grants to airports for PFAS monitoring and \$5 million in grants to drinking water systems to remediate PFAS and other emerging contaminants.	Pending		Bill	НВ 4420	5/17/2021
Michigan	Legislation	Environment	Appropriations bill would provide \$5 million in grants to drinking water systems to remediate PFAS and other emerging contaminants.	Pending		<u>Bill</u>	нв 4397	5/17/2021
Michigan	Legislation	Product	Bill would require a manufacturer, producer, packager, importer, supplier, or distributor to provide specified notice to consumers regarding the PFAS content of a product.	Pending		Bill	SB 217	3/15/2021

State	Rule Type	Action Type	Description	Status	Effective Date	Links	Notes	Entry Last Updated
Michigan	Binding	Environment	Established PFAS cleanup standards that align with maximum contaminant levels for PFNA, PFHxA, PFHxS, PFBS, and HFPO-DA (also known as GenX).	In effect	12/21/2020	Bulletin		12/21/2020
Michigan	Binding	Environment	Established maximum contaminant levels for PFNA, PFOA, PFHxA, PFOS, PFHxS, PFBS, and HFPO-DA (also known as GenX).	In effect	8/3/2020	Regulation	<u>Press Release</u>	10/29/2020
Michigan	Non-binding guidance	Product	Disposed of 51,404 gallons of PFAS- containing fire foam through a collection program that ended July 30, 2020.	In effect	6/17/2020	Media Release		10/6/2020
Michigan	Legislation	Product	Directs state agency to create rules for firefighters' use of PFAS-containing firefighting foam.	In effect	7/31/2020	Law		8/5/2020
Michigan	Legislation	Product	Requires firefighters to report the use of firefighting foam containing intentionally added PFAS. Also requires the Department of Environment, Great Lakes, and Energy to establish a collection program for firefighting foam concentrate.	In effect	7/8/2020	Law		7/13/2020
Michigan	Legislation	Product	Ban on intentionally added PFAS substances in firefighting foam used for testing or training purposes.	In effect	7/8/2020	Law		7/13/2020
Michigan	Non-binding guidance	Environment	Drinking water limit for PFOA and PFOS of 70 ppt, mirroring EPA health advisory level.	In effect	1/9/2018	PFAS Overview		5/27/2020
Michigan	Non-binding guidance	Environment	Established a PFAS Action Response Team to research, identify, recommend, and implement response to PFAS conamination.	In effect	2/4/2019	Executive Order		5/27/2020
Minnesota	Legislation	Product	Bill would ban the sale of ski wax containing intentionally added PFAS.	Pending		<u>Bill</u>	HF 2952	2/2/2022
Minnesota	Proposed Action	Environment	Proposed rule would, among other things, add a new Class 1 WQS for emerging pollutants of concern, including per-and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS), and potentially pesticides, pharmaceuticals, algal toxins, disinfection by-products, and/or additional industrial chemicals.	Pending		Proposed Rule	Comment period ends Feb. 14, 2022.	12/21/2021
Minnesota	Legislation	Product	Ban on the use of PFAS in food packaging. The law also includes more than \$2.5 million in funding for PFAS-related expenditures such as research and remediation.	Pending	1/1/2024	<u>Law</u>	SF 20	9/16/2021

State	Rule Type	Action Type	Description	Status	Effective Date	Links	Notes	Entry Last Updated
Minnes	Lasielation	Facility and the	Bill would require, by July 1, 2023, the Commissioner of Health to amend the health risk limit for perfluorooctane sulfonate (PFOS). Bill also appropriates funds for various clean	Donadina		Dill	LIE COO	2/45/2024
Minnesota	Legislation	Environment	water purposes. Bill would ban the use of PFAS in cannabis	Pending		Bill	HF 639	3/15/2021
Minnesota	Legislation	Product	packaging (as part of a larger cannabis bill).	Pending		Bill	SF 1640	3/5/2021
Minnesota	Legislation	Environment	Bill would appropriate funds for the sampling of fish and water for PFAS.	Pending		Bill	HF 1076	2/23/2021
Minnesota	Legislation	Environment	Bill would allocate \$500,000 to identify and reduce sources of PFAS in the environment.	Pending		<u>Bill</u>	HF 1155; Companion to SF 1410	2/18/2021
Minnesota	Legislation	Health and Safety	Bill would appropriate funds from the Environmental Fund to continue perfluorochemical biomonitoring in eastern metropolitan communities, as recommended by the Environmental HealthTracking and Biomonitoring Advisory Panel.	Pending		Bill	SF 959	2/17/2021
Minnesota	Legislation	Environment	Bill would allow a composting facility to not accept food service containers that incorporate PFAS.	Pending		Bill	HF 630; Companion to SF 148	2/11/2021
Minnesota	Legislation	Product	Bill would ban use of food packaging that contains PFAS.	Pending		Bill	SF 373	1/29/2021
Minnesota	Legislation	Environment	Bill would allow a composting facility to not accept food service containers that incorporate PFAS.	Pending		<u>Bill</u>	SF 148; Companion to HF 630	1/29/2021
Minnesota	Legislation	Environment	Bill requests the University of Minnesota to conduct a review of health issues related to PFAS exposure and appropriates \$315,000 for the review.	Pending		Bill	HF 323	1/28/2021
Minnesota	Legislation	Product	Bill would ban use of food packaging that contains PFAS.	Pending		Bill	HF 79	1/15/2021
Minnesota	Legislation	Product	Ban on intentionally added PFAS substances in Class B firefighting foam used for testing or training purposes.	In effect	7/1/2020	State Statute		7/10/2020
Minnesota	Non-binding guidance	Environment	Established maximum levels of PFBS, PFHxS, PFOS, PFBA, and PFOA in drinking water that could lead to state action.	In effect	4/3/2019	State Website		5/27/2020

Last Update: February 2, 2022

15

State	Rule Type	Action Type	Description	Status	Effective Date	Links	Notes	Entry Last Updated
Mississippi	Non-binding guidance	Environment	Proposed FY 2022 plan for the state's Water Pollution Control Revolving Loan Fund Program would allocate approximately \$4 billion for remediation of emerging contaminants "with a focus on PFAS/PFOA."	Pending		Proposed Plan		3/19/2020
Missouri	No action							3/19/2020
Montana	Non-binding guidance	Environment	Classified PFOS and PFOA as a "toxic" pollutant in drinking water that triggers a health advisory when present at the EPA health advisory level of 70 ppt.	In effect	6/21/2019	State Water Quality Standards		5/27/2020
Nebraska	No action							3/19/2020
Nevada	Legislation	Environment and Product	Requires the State Environmental Commission to establish water quality standards, effluent limitations and maximum permissible levels in public water systems for PFAS. Also requires a permit to store or dispose of PFAS, and prohibits, with certain exceptions, the use, manufacture, or sale of certain Class B firefighting foams.	In effect	5/27/2021	<u>Law</u>	AB 97; portions of the law take effect July 1, 2022.	9/7/2021
New Hampshire	Legislation	Environment	Bill would require adoption of groundwater quality standards for perfluorobutanoic acid (PFBA), perfluoroheptanoic acid (PFHPA), and perfluorodecanoic acid (PFDA).	Pending		Bill	SB 455	2/2/2022
New Hampshire	Legislation	Environment	Prefiled bill for the 2022 session would add PFBA and PFBS to a list of PFAS with maximum contaminant levels (MCLs). It would also set a cumulative total of 20 parts per trillion (ppt) for all PFAS MCLs.	Pending		Prefiled Bill	HB 1618	12/23/2021
New Hampshire	Legislation	Environment	Prefiled bill for the 2022 session would require testing for PFAS in drinking water at child care facilities and schools.	Pending		Prefiled Bill	HB 1602	12/23/2021
New Hampshire	Legislation	Product	Prefiled bill for the 2022 session would, among other things, ban the sale of carpets that contain or are treated with PFAS, or any fabric treatment containing PFAS.	Pending		Prefiled Bill	HB 1589	12/22/2021
New Hampshire	Legislation	Environment	Prefiled bill for the 2022 session would establish a rulemaking schedule for surface water quality standards for perfluorinated chemicals.	Pending		Prefiled Bill	HB 1440	12/21/2021

Last Update: February 2, 2022

16

State	Rule Type	Action Type	Description	Status	Effective Date	Links	Notes	Entry Last Updated
			Prefiled bill for the 2022 session would require landfills sited within a proscribed distance of groundwater sources to monitor for the presence of all of the EPA Priority Pollutants and four PFAS listed by					
New Hampshire	Legislation	Environment	the state.	Pending		Prefiled Bill	HB 1454	12/21/2021
New Hampshire	Legislation	Product	Prefiled bill for the 2022 session would requre PFAS warning labels on consumer products.	Pending		Prefiled Bill	HB 1422	12/21/2021
New Hampshire		Environment	Interim rule would expand criteria and procedures for administering the PFAS Remediation Loan Fund program to assist public water systems and municipalities with the cost of complying with maximum contaminant levels.	In effect	10/30/2021	Rulemaking	Interim rule in response to enactment of HB 271. Expires April 28, 2022.	12/21/2021
New Hampshire	Binding	Product	Requires bottled water manufacturers to test for PFAS contaminants and submit results when submitting or renewing beverage licenses.	In effect	10/23/2021	Rulemaking Notice		11/23/2021
New Hampshire	Legislation	Environment	Sets maximum contaminant levels for PFOA, PFOS, PFHxS, and PFNA. Establishes a per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances fund and programs and makes appropriations. Extends the commission on the seacoast cancer cluster investigation.	Pending	6/30/2022	Law	HB 1264; Signed into law in July 2020. The law has varying effective dates for its different components. The new MCLs for the PFAS substances go into effect June 30, 2022. HB 271 (signed Aug. 24, 2021) makes various technical amendments.	8/30/2021
New Hampshire	Legislation	Environment and Product	Establishes a statute of limitations on civil actions arising from harm or injury from PFAS.	Pending	9/21/2021	Law	HB 236; signed into law July 23, 2021.	8/30/2021
New Hampshire	Binding	Environment	Set enforceable standard for PFOA or PFOS found alone and combined at 70 ppt for drinking water, groundwater, and cleanups.	In effect	5/31/2016	Regulation	This regulation will be superceded by HB 1264 when it goes into effect.	5/27/2021
New Hampshire	Binding	Environment	Set stricter limits for PFOA, PFOS, PFNA, and PFHxS chemicals in drinking water. A November 2019 injunction as part of a 3M lawsuit suspended implementation of the legislation.	Pending		Regulation	The injunction is now moot due to passage of HB 1264 that codified these limits through the legislative process. More info on injunction: https://news.bloomberglaw.com/environment-and-energy/new-hampshire-judge-suspends-states-new-pfas-restrictions.	5/27/2021

State	Rule Type	Action Type	Description	Status	Effective Date	Links	Notes	Entry Last Updated
New Hampshire	Legislation	Environment and Product	Bill would prohibit the disposal of Class B firefighting foams by incineration unless and until the department determines that no out-of-state facility will accept this waste and can ensure the air emissions and associated residuals and their disposal shall not pose a threat to public health or the environment. Bill also would prohibit PFAS in food packaging and prohibit compost from including packaging containing PFAS.	Pending		Bill	SB 146	2/17/2021
New Hampshire		Environment	Establishes criteria and procedures for administering the PFAS Remediation Loan Fund program to assist public water systems with the cost of complying with maximum contaminant levels.	In effect	1/26/2021	Regulation		2/11/2021
New Hampshire	Legislation	Health and Safety	Bill would establish standards for claims for medical monitoring damages following exposure to PFAS.	Pending		Bill	SB 111	2/3/2021
New Hampshire	Legislation	Product	Bill would require a public registry where PFAS-containing firefighting foam was used, stored, disposed of, or collected.	Pending		Bill	HB 141	1/5/2021
New Hampshire	Legislation	Environment	Requires regular reporting of PFAS testing results to the New Hampshire legislature.	In effect	7/1/2018	<u>Law</u>	2020 report to legislature	7/29/2020
New Hampshire	Legislation	Environment	Established commission to investigate the environmental and public health impacts from air, soil, and groundwater PFAS releases in three towns.	In effect	8/16/2019	Law		5/27/2020
New Hampshire	Legislation	Product	Ban on firefighting foam that contians PFAS chemicals.	In effect	1/1/2020	Law		5/27/2020
New Hampshire	Binding	Environment	Establishes standards for monitoring for the presence of PFAS in water systems.	In effect	9/30/2019	Regulation	Env-Dw 712.23 through Env-DW 712.30	5/27/2021
New Jersey	Legislation	Product	Proposed bill would prohibit products containing PFAS from being classified as recyclable.	Pending		Bill	AB 6025; Proposal is based off of law recently passed in California	11/22/2021
New Jersey	Binding	Environment	Maximum contaminant levels of 14 ppt for PFOA, 14 ppt for PFNA, and 13 ppt for PFOS in drinking water.	In effect	6/1/2020	Regulation		5/28/2020
New Jersey	Non-binding guidance	Environment	Set interim specific groundwater quality standards for PFOA and PFOS at 10 ppt.	In effect	3/13/2019	State Website		5/28/2020
New Jersey	Binding	Environment	Ordered five manufacturers to conduct an assessment of their PFAS use and discharge. The directive also set up a fund to remediate damages.	In effect	3/25/2019	<u>Directive</u>		5/28/2020

State	Rule Type	Action Type	Description	Status	Effective Date	Links	Notes	Entry Last Updated
New Mexico	Binding	Environment	Added PFOA and PFOS to the state's list of toxic pollutants where they're regulated at a risk-based level of 70 ppt.	In effect	12/21/2018	Regulation		5/28/2020
New York	Legislation	Product	Bill would ban the sale and distribution of anti-fogging sprays and wipes that contain PFAS.	Pending		Bill	S 8188	2/2/2022
New York	Legislation	Environment	Creates initial list of PFAS substances that are "emerging contaminants." Water utilities must regularly test for these substances. Formalized regulations must be written within 90 days of bill signing and the list of "emerging contaminants" must be updated every three years.	In effect	12/22/2021	<u>Law</u>	SB 1759A / AB 126A	12/23/2021
New York	Legislation	Product	Requires manufacturers to report presence of non-essential PFAS in products to state regulators by 2024. Bans the use of non-essential PFAS by 2025.	Pending		Bill	AB 8491	11/22/2021
New York	Legislation	Product	Bill would prohibit the sale of any cosmetic product or personal care product containing PFAS.	Pending		Bill	AB 8363	10/27/2021
New York	Legislation	Product	Bill would prohibit the use of perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances in common apparel.	Pending		<u>Bill</u>	AB 7063. Companion to SB 6291	4/29/2021
New York	Legislation	Health and Safety	Capital projects budget bill would, among other things, appropriate funding for the State University of New York at Stony Brook to provide for a new laboratory testing facility for PFOA.	Pending		<u>Bill</u>	AB 3004; Companion to SB 2504	3/2/2021
New York	Legislation	Product	Bill would, among other things, ban the sale of carpets that contain or are treated with PFAS.	Pending		<u>Bill</u>	SB 5027	2/23/2021
New York	Legislation	Environment	Bill would establish maximum contaminant levels in drinking water for perfluoroalkyl carboxylic acids and perfluoroalkyl sulfonic acids.	Pending		<u>Bill</u>	SB 4011	2/3/2021
New York	Legislation	Product	Bill would regulate the use of chemicals including PFAS as an ingredient in consumer products.	Pending		Bill	SB 3331; Companion to AB 143	2/3/2021
New York	Legislation	Product	Ban on use of PFAS substances in food packaging.	Pending	12/31/2022	Law	Signed by Gov. Andrew Cuomo (D) on Dec. 2, 2020.	12/3/2020
New York	Legislation	Product	Prohibits the incineration of firefighting foam containing PFAS substances in the small upstate community of Cohoes, N.Y., where an incinerator is located.	Pending	11/23/2020	<u>Bill</u>	AB 9952; Bloomberg Law Story	11/24/2020

State	Rule Type	Action Type	Description	Status	Effective Date	Links	Notes	Entry Last Updated
New York	Binding	Environment	Maximum contaminant levels in drinking water of 10 ppt for PFOA and PFOS. Requires water systems to test for the contaminants and initiate clean up if detected beyond limits.	In effect	8/26/2020	Regulation	The <u>listing of MCLs in New York</u> states violations of PFOA and PFAS maximum contaminant levels may be deferred up to 24 months after they went into effect (August 2022).	11/4/2020
New York	Legislation	Product	Places restrictions on the sale and use of firefighting equipment containing PFAS chemicals to reduce the use of PFAS chemicals in firefighting activities.	In effect	3/22/2020	<u>Law</u>		6/18/2020
New York	Non-binding guidance	Environment	Created Water Quality Response Team to investigate possible water contamination reports in New York.	In effect		Media Release		5/28/2020
New York	Binding	Environment	Implemented emergency rule regulating PFOA and PFOS as hazardous substances. Proper storage of those compounds is required and releases to the environment are limited.	In effect	3/3/2017	Regulation		5/28/2020
New York	Binding	Product	Disposed of 25,000 gallons of firefighting foam with PFAS chemicals as of summer 2018.	In effect		State Website	The Intercept reported that the department did not provide specifics on how the 25,000 gallons were "properly disposed": https://theintercept.com/2019/01/27/toxic-firefighting-foam-pfas-pfoa/	5/28/2020
New York	Legislation	Product	Ban on intentionally added PFAS substances in Class B firefighting foam used for testing training purposes. Also phases out the manufacture and sale of such foams in the state.	In effect	3/22/2020	Law		5/28/2020
New York	Legislation	Product	Requires manufacturers of children's products to comply with reporting requirements when products contain PFOA or PFOS.	In effect	3/1/2020	<u>Law</u>		5/28/2020
North Carolina	Legislation	Health and Safety	Bill would allow the use of the Bernard Allen Memorial Emergency Drinking Water Fund to provide alternative sources of drinking water to residents living where PFAS is present in drinking water.	Pending		Bill	HB 588. Companion to SB 452	4/29/2021
North Carolina	Legislation	Health and Safety	Bill would allow the use of the Bernard Allen Memorial Emergency Drinking Water Fund to provide alternative sources of drinking water to residents living where PFAS is present in drinking water.	Pending		Bill	HB 555. Companion to SB 622	4/29/2021

State	Rule Type	Action Type	Description	Status	Effective Date	Links	Notes	Entry Last Updated
North Carolina	Legislation	Health and Safety	Bill would require the Department of Health and Human Services to study the extent of human exposure to PFAS in the Cape Fear Basin, and issue a report by Dec. 31, 2022.	Pending		Bill	НВ 503	4/13/2021
North Carolina	Legislation	Product	Bill would require facilities holding water pollution control permits to eliminate PFAS from received wastewater prior to discharge.	Pending		<u>Bill</u>	НВ 502	4/13/2021
North Carolina	Legislation	Product	Bill would require the establishment of maximum contaminant levels for PFAS and other chemicals in drinking water.	Pending		<u>Bill</u>	HB 521	4/13/2021
North Carolina	Legislation	Product	Bill would ban the manufacture, distribution, and use of PFAS in the state.	Pending		<u>Bill</u>	SB 638. Companion to HB 501	4/13/2021
North Carolina	Legislation	Product	Bill would ban the manufacture, distribution, and use of PFAS in the state.	Pending		Bill	HB 501. Companion to SB 638	4/13/2021
North Carolina	Legislation	Environment	Bill would allocate \$15 million to the University of North Carolina to research PFAS (including GenX) and study filtration technologies.	Pending		Bill	SB 544	4/6/2021
North Carolina	Legislation	Environment	Bill would hold persons who have discharged PFAS resulting in the contamination of drinking water liable for response costs for cleanup.	Pending		Bill	HB 444	4/5/2021
North Carolina	Legislation	Environment	Bill would require the establishment of maximum contaminant levels for PFAS in drinking water.	Pending		Bill	SB 443	4/5/2021
North Carolina	Legislation	Environment	Bill would establish a PFAS Task Force to undertake a comprehensive, nontargeted, scientific identification and analysis of PFAS present in the Lower Cape Fear Basin, and issue a report by March 1, 2022.	Pending		Bill	SB 460	4/5/2021
North Carolina	Binding	Environment	Proposed rule would add a groundwater quality standard for three substances (2,6-dinitrotoluene, strontium, and total PFOA and PFOS) without established interim maximum allowable concentrations. The standard for total PFOA/PFOS would be 0.07 micrograms/liter.	Pending		Regulation	Comment period ends March 16, 2021	1/20/2021
North Carolina	Court Order	Environment	Requires Chemours to conduct toxicity study on chemical discharges.	In effect		Consent Order		12/3/2020
North Carolina	Non-binding guidance	Environment	Set provisional health goal of 140 ppt for presence of GenX in drinking water.	In effect	7/14/2017			5/28/2020

State	Rule Type	Action Type	Description	Status	Effective Date	Links	Notes	Entry Last Updated
North Carolina	Legislation	Environment	Allocated \$435,000 to monitor and treat presence of GenX in the Cape Fear River.	In effect	10/4/2017	<u>Law</u>		5/28/2020
North Carolina	Legislation	Environment	Requires any person responsible for discharge of PFAS, including GenX, that results in contamination of a private drinking water well to establish permanent replacement water supplies.	In effect	7/1/2018	<u>Law</u>		5/28/2020
North Carolina	Legislation	Product	Requires researchers to create inventory of aqueous film-forming foam (AFFF) used or stored by local fire departments. A final report with results due to state legislature by Oct. 15, 2020.	In effect	11/6/2019	Law		5/28/2020
North Carolina	Legislation	Environment	Requires researchers to conduct analysis for PFAS, including GenX, at surface water intakes and public water supply wells. A report on chemicals found present is due to the state legislature by Oct. 15, 2020.	In effect	11/6/2019	Law		5/28/2020
North Dakota	Non-binding guidance	Environment	Conducting tests to determine prevalence of PFOA and PFOS in the environment.	Pending		Survey		5/29/2020
New Hampshire	Legislation	Environment	Adjusts criteria for the PFAS remediation grants and loans.	In effect	8/24/2021	Law	HB 271	10/20/2021
Ohio	Legislation	Environment	Bill would require the adoption of rules establishing maximum contaminant levels (MCLs) for PFAS.	Pending		Bill	НВ 365	7/2/2021
Ohio	Legislation	Product	Ban on firefighting foams that contain PFAS chemicals in training.	Pending		Bill	HB 158; Passed by the Ohio House of Representatives on May 19, 2021.	5/20/2021
Ohio	Non-binding guidance	Environment	Testing all 1,500 public water systems for presence of six PFAS and will notify residents about exposure risks. State also released a PFAS drinking water action plan.	Pending		Action Plan		5/29/2020
Oklahoma	Legislation	Environment	The proposed "Oklahoma PFAS Waste Act" would require the creation of rules on handling PFAS waste. It also places liability on original producers of PFAS waste.	Pending		Bill	SB 622	1/22/2021
Oregon	Legislation	Product	Bill would, among other things, ban the sale of carpets that contain or are treated with PFAS.	Pending		Bill	HB 3271	3/2/2021
Oregon	Legislation	Product	Bill would prohibit the sale or distribution of food service ware containing PFAS.	Pending		Bill	HB 2365	1/13/2021

State	Rule Type	Action Type	Description	Status	Effective Date	Links	Notes	Entry Last Updated
Oregon	Binding	Product	Requires manufacturers of children's products to comply with reporting requirements of the state's Toxic-Free Kids Act when products contain PFOS. The companies must eventually remove or replace the substance in certain products.	In effect	1/1/2016	Regulation		5/29/2020
Oregon	Non-binding guidance	Environment	Follows EPA health guidance of 70 ppt for PFOA and PFOS.	In effect				3/19/2020
Pennsylvania	Binding	Environment	Establishes medium-specific concentrations for PFOA, PFOS, and PFBS in soil and groundwater.	In effect	11/20/2021	Regulation		11/23/2021
Pennsylvania	Legislation	Product	Bill would prohibit PFAS in food packaging and set penalties for violations.	Pending		<u>Bill</u>	HB 1965	10/20/2021
Pennsylvania	Non-binding guidance	Environment	Released complete and final list of PFAS levels in the state's water systems. The state said results do not indicate widespread contamination.	In effect	6/3/2021	Press Release	Study was undertaken as part of the governor's 2018 executive order establishing a PFAS Action Team.	6/4/2021
Pennsylvania	Legislation	Environment	Bill would add PFAS to the definition of "hazardous substance" for the purpose of environmental cleanup. Would allow the governor to declare an emergency for communities that have PFAS-impaired drinking water systems. Would provide municipalities with immunity from liability for PFAS contamination in drinking water or wastewater discharge.	Pending		Bill	SB 612; Companion to HB 1414	5/17/2021
Pennsylvania	Legislation	Environment	Bill would require the establishment of maximum contaminant levels for PFAS in drinking water, while also setting an interim MCL of 10 parts per trillion.	Pending		<u>Bill</u>	SB 611; Companion to HB 1413	5/17/2021
Pennsylvania	Legislation	Product	Bill would prohibit the use of class B firefighting foams containing PFAS under specified circumstances.	Pending		<u>Bill</u>	SB 302; Companion to HB 1166	4/29/2021
Pennsylvania	Legislation	Environment	Bill would require the establishment of maximum contaminant levels for PFAS in drinking water.	Pending		Bill	HB 704	3/9/2021
Pennsylvania	Legislation	Environment	Redirects state funds to pay for the removal of PFAS from drinking water near closed military bases.	In effect	11/27/2019	<u>Law</u>	The law has led to about \$2.6 million in reimbursements paid to families for installing water filtration systems or buying bottled water as of September 2020, according to a local news report.	9/10/2020

State	Rule Type	Action Type	Description	Status	Effective Date	Links	Notes	Entry Last Updated
Pennsylvania	Non-binding guidance	Environment	Created PFAS Action Team to ensure safe drinking water and manage PFAS contamination.	In effect	10/6/2018	<u>Regulation</u>	PFAS Action Team established by governor's executive order: https://www.governor.pa.gov/newsroom/executive-order-2018-08-perfluoroalkyl-and-polyfluoroalkyl-substances-pfas-action-team/.	5/29/2020
Pennsylvania	Non-binding guidance	Environment	Testing approximately 360 public water system sources for PFAS contamination.	Pending		Media Release	Testing began on June 18, 2019 and the results from the first 96 test sites were published in October 2019: https://aboutblaw.com/Q8I.	5/29/2020
Rhode Island	Binding	Environment	Updated rules governing wastewater facilities allow the Narragansett Bay Commission to require monitoring of emerging contaminants including PFAS.	Pending	6/1/2021	Regulation		5/17/2021
Rhode Island	Legislation	Environment	Bill would require public water systems to monitor for PFAS contamination, and would require the state department of health to establish by June 2022 maximum contaminant levels for PFAS in drinking water.	Pending		<u>Bill</u>	HB 5523; Companion to SB 107	2/17/2021
Rhode Island	Legislation	Product	Bill would prohibit the sale or distribution of food packaging containing PFAS.	Pending		Bill	HB 5356; Companion to SB 110	2/11/2021
Rhode Island	Legislation	Environment	Bill would require public water systems to monitor for PFAS contamination, and would require the state department of health to establish by June 2022 maximum contaminant levels for PFAS in drinking water.	Pending		Bill	SB 107; Companion to HB 5523	2/3/2021
Rhode Island	Legislation	Product	Bill would prohibit the sale or distribution of food packaging containing PFAS.	Pending		Bill	SB 110; Companion to HB 5356	2/3/2021
Rhode Island	Binding	Environment	Updated solid waste regulations to allow environmental regulators to require solid waste landfills to monitor groundwater for PFAS substances. Mitigation strategy required if excess amounts of PFAS are detected.	In effect	1/3/2021	Rule		1/4/2021
Rhode Island	Non-binding guidance	Environment	Sampled 35 public drinking water systems and found one system with PFOA and PFAS above EPA advisory level of 70 ppt.	In effect		Media Release		5/29/2020
Rhode Island	Non-binding guidance	Environment	Groundwater quality standard for presence of PFOS and PFOA found individually or in combination at 0.07 micrograms per liter (70 ppt).	In effect	1/9/2019	Regulation		5/29/2020

State	Rule Type	Action Type	Description	Status	Effective Date	Links	Notes	Entry Last Updated
Rhode Island	Non-binding guidance	Environment	Rhode Island Department of Health declined to regulate PFAS through rulemaking due to lack of data.	In effect	3/11/2019	Decision		5/29/2020
South Carolina	Legislation	Environment	Proposed legislation would require regulators to develop maximum contaminant levels for PFOS, PFOA, and other PFAS compounds.	Pending		Bill	Н. 3514	12/17/2020
South Carolina	Non-binding guidance	Environment	Released strategy to assess impact of PFAS on drinking water.	In effect	1/30/2020	Strategy		5/29/2020
South Dakota	No action							3/19/2020
Tennessee	Non-binding guidance	Environment	Established workgroup to identify sites with potential for contamination that will drive future monitoring efforts.	In effect		State Website		5/29/2020
Texas	Legislation	Product	Prohibits the manufacture, sale, and distribution of firefighting foams containing PFAS. Requires disclosure of firefighting personal protective equipment containing PFAS.	Pending		Bill	HB 4506; Companion to SB 2073	3/18/2021
Texas	Legislation	Product	Prohibits the manufacture, sale, and distribution of firefighting foams containing PFAS. Requires disclosure of firefighting personal protective equipment containing PFAS.	Pending		Bill	SB 2073; Companion to HB 4506	3/18/2021
Texas	Binding	Environment	Cleanup standards for 16 PFAS chemicals at contaminated sites where protective concentration levles are exceeded.	In effect	9/10/2014	State Website		5/29/2020
Utah	No action						A water quality spokesperson said, "We have begun to explore options for monitoring based on experience in other states but have not yet collected any ambient water quality samples. We can't make any policy recommendations until we know if this is an issue of concern in Utah."	3/19/2020
Vermont	Legislation	Product	Impose restrictions on the use, manufacture, sale, and distribution of class B firefighting foam containing perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances and impose restrictions on the manufacture, sale, and distribution of food packaging and carpets with PFAS. Also requires warning when firefighting gear contains PFAS.	Pending	7/1/2022 (firefighting foam ban)	Law	S. 20; signed by governor 5/18/2021. The restrictions are phased in over two years.	7/22/2021

State	Rule Type	Action Type	Description	Status	Effective Date	Links	Notes	Entry Last Updated
Vermont	Binding	Environment	Requires PFAS monitoring for sludges, land applied biosolids (class B) and septage, and exceptional quality (class A) biosolids. Requires that a producer of exceptional quality biosolids disclose the presence of PFAS.	In effect	10/31/2020	Regulation		10/26/2020
Vermont	Binding	Environment	Adopts maximum contaminant level (MCL) of 20 parts per trillion for PFOA, PFOS, PFHxS, PFHpA, and PFNA (or any combination of those substances) for drinking water. Establishes public water supply sampling requirements, sample analysis requirements, and MCL compliance standards for the five substances.	In effect	3/17/2020	Regulation		7/14/2020
Vermont	Legislation	Environment	Appropriates \$550,000 for engineering and construction grants to public water systems with confirmed concentrations of PFAS.	In effect	7/6/2020	Law		7/13/2020
Vermont	Non-binding guidance	Environment	Established health advisory of 20 ppt for any combination of PFOA, PFOS, PFHxS, PFHpA, and PFNA.	In effect	7/11/2018	Regulation		5/29/2020
Vermont	Legislation	Environment	Requires regular testing of water systems for PFAS above the 20 ppt limit. Any water system above that level must provide clean water and issue a "do not drink" advisory. The law also requires a timline for developing new mandatory PFAS guidelines and establishing plan for investigating PFAS sources.	In effect	12/1/2019	<u>Law</u>		5/29/2020
Vermont	Legislation	Environment	Requires companies found responsible for contamination to pay for cleanups, monitoring, and to provide public drinking water to affected areas.	In effect	6/2/2017	Law		5/29/2020
Vermont	Binding	Environment	Established procedures and requirements for conducting investigations and corrective actions at PFAS release sites.	In effect	7/6/2019	Regulation		5/29/2020
Vermont	Binding	Environment	Set groundwater enforcement standard of 0.02 micrograms/liter and a preventative action level of 0.002 micrograms/liter for any combination of PFOA, PFOS, PFHxS, PFHpA, and PFNA.	In effect	7/6/2019	Regulation		5/29/2020

Last Update: February 2, 2022

26

State	Rule Type	Action Type	Description	Status	Effective Date	Links	Notes	Entry Last Updated
Vermont	Legislation	Product	Added PFOS and PFOA to list of Chemicals of High Concern to Children, requiring manufacturers of children's products using the substances to follow disclosure and reporting requirements. The state can adopt rules regarding sale or distribution of specific products containing the chemicals.	In effect	6/10/2014	Law	PFOS was one of the original chemicals addressed by this regulation in 2014. PFOA was added as a chemical of high concern in 2019: https://www.healthvermont.gov/environment/children/chemicals-childrens-products .	5/29/2020
Virginia	Legislation	Environment	Directs the State Board of Health to adopt regulations establishing maximum contaminant levels (MCLs) in public drinking water systems for perfluorooctanoic acid, perfluorooctane sulfonate, and for such other perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances, and other substances.	In effect	1/1/2022	Law		1/3/2022
Virginia	Legislation	Product	Ban on intentionally added PFAS substances in Class B firefighting foam used for testing or training purposes except at facilities that have implemented containment, treatment, and disposal measures to prevent uncontrolled environmental releases.	In effect	7/1/2021	Law		7/20/2021
Virginia	Legislation	Environment	Directs a study of the occurrence of PFOA, PFOS, PFBA, PFHpA, PFHxS, PFNA, and other PFAS substances in the Commonwealth's public drinking water. Report due Dec. 1, 2021.	In effect	7/1/2020	Law		7/10/2020
Virginia	Non-binding guidance	Environment	Follows EPA health guidance of 70 ppt for PFOA and PFOS.	In effect				3/19/2020
Washington	Legislation	Product	Prefiled bill for the 2022 session would establish firefighters' personal protective equipment as a "priority consumer product" for PFAS chemicals. It would also establish a fast-track process to designate additional priority consumer products from products listed in the November 2021 Final PFAS Action Plan.	Pending		Prefiled Bill	НВ 1694	1/3/2022

State	Rule Type	Action Type	Description	Status	Effective Date	Links	Notes	Entry Last Updated
Washington	Binding	Environment	Adopted rule sets new requirements for PFAS in public water supplies and establishes the administrative processes for setting drinking water quality standards as state action levels (SAL) and state maximum contaminant levels (MCLs). The proposal also establishes SALs for five PFAS contaminants: PFOA, PFOS, PFHXS, PFNA, and PFBS.	In effect	1/1/2022	Adopted Rule	Rulemaking information: https://www.doh.wa.gov/CommunityandEnvironment/DrinkingWater/RegulationandCompliance/RuleMaking	1/3/2022
Washington	Binding	Environment	Adopted rule sets envrionmental laboratory data reporting requirements related to results from testing for PFAS in drinking water.	In effect	1/1/2022	Adopted Rule	Rulemaking information: https://www.doh.wa.gov/CommunityandEnvironment/DrinkingWater/RegulationandCompliance/RuleMaking	1/3/2022
Washington	Non-binding guidance	Environment	Published final Per- and Polyfluoralkyl Substances (PFAS) Chemical Action Plan that provides recommended actions to address PFAS contamination.	In effect	11/3/2021	Action Plan		11/10/2021
Washington	Legislation	Product	Bill would prohibit selling, making, or delivering cosmetics that contain 32 toxic ingredients, including all PFAS.	Pending		Bill	SB 5480	4/13/2021
Washington	Non-binding guidance	Product	The Department of Ecology report identifying safer alternatives to PFAS in four types of food packaging. The report sets in motion a two-year timeline that will see a law go into effect on those packaging types in early 2023.	In effect	2/23/2021	Report	Publication in Washington Register.	3/16/2021
			D will Cores of I I I	D !:	2/22/2022		Effective date contingent on the	2/0/2024
Washington Washington	Legislation	Product	Partial ban of PFAS in food packaging. Proposed non-binding joint legislative resolution asks the U.S. Department of Defense and other federal government entities for assistance in monitoring and mitigating PFAS in water supplies.	Pending	2/22/2023	Bill	submittal of the above report. SJM 8001	3/8/2021
Washington	Legislation	Product	Ban on intentionally added PFAS substances in Class B firefighting foam used for testing training purposes. Also bans the manufacture, sale, and distribution of such foams in the state.	Partially in effect	7/1/2020		Legislation passed in 2020 expanded restrictions passed in 2018 to chemical plants, oil refineries, and oil terminals. The extended ban begins Jan. 1, 2024. Ban on PFAS-containing foam used in training began July 1, 2018. Ban on manufacture, sale, and distribution of PFAS-containing firefighting foam began July 1, 2020. See below entry for more information on expanded restrictions.	

State	Rule Type	Action Type	Description	Status	Effective Date	Links	Notes	Entry Last Updated
Washington	Legislation	Product	Directs the Department of Ecology to identify priority chemicals and priority products, to reduce toxic exposure.	In effect	7/28/2019	State Statute	Amended again in 2020 with a technical revision bill reorganizing environment statutes.	6/18/2020
Washington	Legislation	Product	Eliminates exemptions from restrictions on the use of PFAS in firefighting foam.	In effect	6/11/2020	Law		6/18/2020
West Virginia	Binding	Product	Proposed rule would establish certification of training programs and standards for the use of Class B firefighting foams containing PFAS.	Pending		Proposed rule		7/30/2021
West Virginia	Legislation	Product	Bill would prohibit the use of Class B firefighting foams containing PFAS.	In effect	7/1/2021	Law	HB 2722; Signed into law by Gov. Jim Justice on April 21, 2021.	7/20/2021
West Virginia	Non-binding guidance	Environment	Follows EPA health guidance of 70 ppt for PFOA and PFOS.	In effect				3/19/2020
Wisconsin	Proposed Action	Environment	Proposed rule would amend NR 140 to establish new state public health related groundwater quality standards for various substances, including perfluorooctane sulfonate (PFOS) and perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA).	Pending		Notice of Proposed Rule	Public hearing scheduled for Jan. 6, 2022. (SS 090-19/DG-15-19)	12/17/2021
Wisconsin	Proposed Action	Environment and Health	Proposed rule would amend NR 809 to establish drinking water maximum contaminant levels for perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (PFOS) and perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA).	Pending		Proposed Rule	Hearing on proposed permanent rule (SS 089-19/DG-24-19) to be held Dec. 1, 2021.	11/23/2021
Wisconsin	Proposed Action	Environment	Proposed rule would establish narrative surface water criteria and analytical methods for PFAS including PFOA and PFOS.	Pending		Proposed Rule	Multi-year rulemaking (SS 091-19/WY-23-19). Rulemaking hearing to be held Dec. 10, 2021.	11/23/2021
Wisconsin	Proposed Action	Environment	Announced intent to create drinking water maximum contaminant levels for 12 individual PFAS substances and four combined PFAS substances.	Pending		Notice of Proposed Rule	Rulemaking (SS 030-21/DG-31-20) will be a multi-year process. Preliminary public hearing held June 4, 2021.	11/10/2021
Wisconsin	Proposed Action	Product	Proposed rule would create chapter NR 159 to regulate fire fighting foam that contains intentionally added PFAS.	Pending		Proposed Rule	Proposed permanent rule (WA-07-20) related to the Dec. 4, 2020, emergency rule on the same topic. A hearing is scheduled for Nov. 4, 2021.	9/29/2021
Wisconsin	Legislation	Environment	Bill would authorize a grant program to address PFAS contamination and provide \$10 million in one-time funding and \$50 milling in onging funding.	Pending		<u>Bill</u>	AB 439; provisions similar to AB 444.	7/30/2021

State	Rule Type	Action Type	Description	Status	Effective Date	Links	Notes	Entry Last Updated
Wisconsin	Legislation	Environment	Bill would require the adoption of enforceable groundwater and drinking water standards for PFAS; promulgate water quality criteria for any PFAS for which DHS has recommended a groundwater enforcement standard; establishment of soil and air emission standards; fire foam restrictions; and food packaging restrictions, among other provisions.	Pending		Bill	AB 419; similar to SB 361.	7/30/2021
Wisconsin	Binding	Product	Emergency rule details appropriate handling of firefighting foams containing PFAS. It was passed by the Wisconsin Natural Resources Board in late October and adds more definition to law that went into effect Sept. 1, 2020.	In effect	12/4/2020	Regulation	A legislative committee rejected parts of the emergency rule in a hearing Dec. 18, 2020. Comments on the emergency rule are being accepted through 1/22/2021. Department of Natural Resources solicited input on an economic impact analysis, comments due Aug. 21, 2021. See proposed rule for permanent adoption above.	7/30/2021
Wisconsin	Legislation	Environment	Proposed appropriations bill would create a municipal grant program to distribute \$10 million to local governments/water districts investigating or cleaning up PFAS contamination from AFFF firefighting foam.	Pending		Bill	AB 444	7/22/2021
Wisconsin	Proposed Action	Environment	Announced intent to establish new state groundwater quality standards for 22 substances including individual standards for six pesticides, individual standards for 12 per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS), and combined standards for four PFAS.	Pending		Notice of Proposed Rule	Preliminary public hearing held June 4, 2021. (SS 029-21/DG-25-20)	6/4/2021
Wisconsin	Legislation	Environment	Wide-ranging bill that would establish a number of PFAS standards, monitoring requirements, restrictions, and grants. Topics covered include interim maximum contaminant levels, air emission standards, fire foam restrictions, PFAS-containing food container restrictions, and health studies.	Pending		Bill	SB 361	5/27/2021

State	Rule Type	Action Type	Description	Status	Effective Date	Links	Notes	Entry Last Updated
Wisconsin	Legislation	Product	Bill would forbid the state's environmental regulators from writing certain rules related to PFAS-containing firefighting foam, including requiring notice of foam discharges or defining "treatment" as the total removal of a contaminant.	Pending		Bill	AB 13; This bill comes after Wisconsin's passed a law restricting use of PFAS-containing firefighting foams. Act 101 directed the Department of Natural Resources to promulgate rules to administer the law. But critics said the DNR overstepped with those rules and state lawmakers struck down large portions of the regulation. Companion bill SB 34 was referred to the Committee on Labor and Regulatory Reform by an 18-14 vote on 3/16/2021.	3/19/2021
Wisconsin	Proposed Action	Environment	Recommended health-based groundwater quality standards for PFOA and PFOS with enforcement standard of 20 ppt and recommended preventive action limit of 2 ppt.	Pending		State Website	The Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources asked the Department of Health Services to recommend groundwater quality standards. These recommendations were delivered in November 2020. DNR announced its intent to begin rulemaking in March 2021.	3/19/2021
Wisconsin	Legislation	Product	Bill would expand the Clean Sweep program to include collection of certain firefighting foams.	Pending		<u>Bill</u>	AB 140; Companion to SB 156	3/9/2021
Wisconsin	Legislation	Product	Bill would expand the Clean Sweep program to include collection of certain firefighting foams.	Pending		<u>Bill</u>	SB 156	3/2/2021
Wisconsin	Non-binding guidance	Environment	Multi-agency action plan issued to guide the remdiation of existing environmental damage caused by per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances, or PFAS, and limit their future use. The plan contains 25 specific actions and fulfills a requirement contained in a 2019 executive order issued by the governor.	In effect	12/16/2020	Action Plan		12/16/2020
Wisconsin	Non-binding guidance	Product	Published survey results found that 77% of responding fire departments in the state purchased, stored, trained with or used PFAS-containing firefighting foam at some point in the past.	In effect	9/10/2020	Press Release		9/10/2020
Wisconsin	Legislation	Product	Restricts use of firefighting foams containing PFAS.	In effect	9/1/2020	Law	The state's Natural Resources Board authorized the State's Department of Natural Resources to complete emergency/permanent rules to implement the act in June 2020.	9/4/2020

State	Rule Type	Action Type	Description	Status	Effective Date	Links	Notes	Entry Last Updated
			Governor executive order pledging to					
			create regulations on PFAS chemicals in					
			the environment. The order also created a					
	Non-binding		multi-agency council to identify sources of					
Wisconsin	guidance	Environment	PFAS and inform the public.	In effect	8/22/2019	Executive Order		5/29/2020
							A spokeswoman said, "We're	
			Conducting review of potential PFOA and				working to identify an inventory of	
	Non-binding		PFOS contamination at sites throughout				locations and whether they pose a	
Wyoming	guidance	Environment	the state.	Pending			risk to ground water."	3/19/2020